

$$\begin{aligned}
& -\frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} e^x \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x \right\}_{-1}^1 + \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} e^{-x} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x \right\}_{-1}^1 \\
& -\frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} e^{x-2} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x \right\}_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} e^{-x+2} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} x \right\}_1^2 \\
& = \left\{ -\frac{4}{n\pi} (-1)^n \right\} + \left\{ \frac{4}{n\pi} (-1)^n - \frac{4}{n\pi} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} \right\} - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} (e \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} (-1)^n) \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} (e^{-1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - (-1)^n) \right\} - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} (e \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - e^{-1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}) \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} (e^{-1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - e \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}) \right\} - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} ((-1)^n - e^{-1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}) \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} ((-1)^n + e \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}) \right\} \\
& = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ -e \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} + (-1)^n \left(\frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} + \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} \right) \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \left\{ (e^{-1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - (-1)^n) \left(\frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} + \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} \right) \right\} \\
& + \frac{1}{2} \left\{ (e^{-1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - e \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}) \left(\frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} + \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} \right) \right\} \\
b_n & = \left\{ \left(\frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 + 4} + \frac{n\pi}{n^2\pi^2 - 4} \right) (e^{-1} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} - e \cos \frac{n\pi}{2}) \right\}
\end{aligned}$$

دامنه مرکب فوريه :

$$F(x) = |x| + \sinh x \quad -1 < x < 1$$

$$F(x) = A_0 + \sum A_n \cos \left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x - \beta_n \right)$$

$$\beta_n = \text{Arctg} \left(\frac{b_n}{a_n} \right)$$

$$A_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2}$$

سری مختلط نمایی فوريه :

$$F(x) = |x| + \sinh x \quad -1 < x < 1$$

$$F(x) = C_0 + \sum c_n e^{\frac{i n \pi}{l} x}$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{2l} \int_c^{c+2l} F(x) e^{-\frac{i n \pi}{l} x} dx, C_n = \frac{1}{2}(a_n - i b_n)$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ \frac{2((-1)^n - 1)}{n^2 \pi^2} - i(-1)^n (e - e^{-1}) \left(\frac{n\pi}{n^2 \pi^2 + 1} - \frac{n\pi}{n^2 \pi^2 - 1} \right) \right\}$$

اتحاد پارسوال

$$\frac{1}{l} \int_c^{c+2l} F(x)^2 dx = a_{0/2}^2 + \sum a_n^2 + b_n^2 \quad l=1$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 (|x| + \sinh x)^2 dx = \int_{-1}^1 (x^2 + 2|x| \sinh x + \sin^2 hx) dx$$

$$= x^3/3 \Big|_{-1}^1 + 1/4 \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{2x} - \frac{1}{2} e^{-2x} - 2x \right) \Big|_{-1}^1$$

$$= 2/3 + 1/8 ((e^2 - e^{-2} - 4) - (e^{-2} - e^2 + 4))$$

$$= 2/3 + 1/8 (2e^2 - 2e^{-2} - 8) = 2/3 - 1 + 1/4 (e^2 - e^{-2}) = -1/3 + 1/4 (e^2 - e^{-2})$$

$$1/2 + \sum \left(\frac{2((-1)^n - 1)}{n^2 \pi^2} \right)^2 + \left\{ \left((-1)^n (e - e^{-1}) \left(\frac{n\pi}{n^2 \pi^2 + 1} - \frac{n\pi}{n^2 \pi^2 - 1} \right) \right)^2 \right\}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum \left(\frac{2((-1)^n - 1)}{n^2 \pi^2} \right)^2 + \left((-1)^n (e - e^{-1}) \left(\frac{n\pi}{n^2 \pi^2 + 1} - \frac{n\pi}{n^2 \pi^2 - 1} \right) \right)^2 = \frac{5}{6} + 1/4 (e^2 - e^{-2})$$

S.F (7)

$$x^2 + \sin^3 \pi x \quad -1 < x < 1 \quad l=1$$

$$a_0 = \int_{-1}^1 (x^2 + \sin^3 \pi x) dx = \int_{-1}^1 x^2 dx + \int_{-1}^1 \sin^3 \pi x dx \quad a_{0/2} = 1/3$$

$$a = \int_{-1}^1 (x^2 + \sin^3 \pi x) \cos \frac{n\pi}{1} x dx = \int_{-1}^1 x^2 \cos n\pi x dx + \int_{-1}^1 \sin^3 \pi x \cos n\pi x dx$$

x^2	$\cos n\pi x$	
$2x$	$\frac{1}{n\pi} \sin n\pi x$	$= \left\{ x^2 / n\pi \sin n\pi x + \frac{2x}{n^2 \pi^2} \cos n\pi x - \frac{2}{n^3 \pi^3} \sin n\pi x \right\}$
	$-\frac{1}{n^2 \pi^2} \cos n\pi x$	
2	$-\frac{1}{n^3 \pi^3} \sin n\pi x$	$\frac{2}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n + \frac{2}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n = \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n$
0		$a_n = \frac{4}{n^2 \pi^2} (-1)^n$

$$b_n = \int_{-1}^1 (x^2 + \sin^3 \pi x) \sin n\pi x dx = \int_{-1}^1 x^2 \sin n\pi x dx + \int_{-1}^1 \sin^3 \pi x \sin n\pi x dx$$

$$= -\int_{-1}^1 \frac{1}{4} \sin 3x \sin n\pi x dx + \frac{3}{4} \int_{-1}^1 \sin x \sin n\pi x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \int_{-1}^1 (\cos(3+n\pi)x - \cos(3-n\pi)x) dx - \frac{3}{8} \int_{-1}^1 (\cos(1+n\pi)x - \cos(1-n\pi)x) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{3+n\pi} \sin(3+n\pi)x - \frac{1}{3-n\pi} \sin(3-n\pi)x \right\}_0^1 \quad \begin{matrix} \sin(3-n\pi)x = \sin(3-n\pi+2n\pi) \\ = \sin(3+n\pi) \end{matrix}$$

$$- \frac{3}{4} \left\{ \frac{1}{1+n\pi} \sin(1+n\pi)x - \frac{1}{1-n\pi} \sin(1-n\pi)x \right\}_0^1 \quad = \sin(1+n\pi)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left\{ \sin(3+n\pi)x \left(\frac{1}{3+n\pi} - \frac{1}{3-n\pi} \right) \right\}_0^1 - \frac{3}{4} \left\{ \sin(1+n\pi)x \left(\frac{1}{1+n\pi} - \frac{1}{1-n\pi} \right) \right\}_0^1$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{-2n\pi}{9-n^2\pi^2} \right) (-1)^n \sin 3 - \frac{3}{4} \left(\frac{-2n\pi}{1-n\pi} \right) (-1)^n \sin 1$$

ICE E

WWW.ICE-Electronic.tk

ICEBOY_313@YahooO.com

F.C.S (7)

$$x^2 + \sin^3 \pi x \quad -1 < x < 1$$

$$F(x) = (x-1)^2 + \sin^3 \pi(x-1)$$

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} (x-1)^2 + \sin^3 \pi(x-1) & 0 < x < 2 \\ (x+1)^2 - \sin^3 \pi(x+1) & -2 < x < 0 \end{cases} \quad l = 2$$

$$F(x) = a_{0/2} + \sum a_n \cos n\pi/e x$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{l} \int_c^{c+2l} F(x) \cos n\pi/e x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^0 (cx+1)^2 - \sin^3 \pi(x+1) \cos n\pi/l x + \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 ((x-1)^2 + \sin^3 \pi(x-1)) \cos n\pi/l x dx$$

F.S.S (7)

$$F(x) = x^2 + \sin^3 \pi x$$

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} (x-1)^2 + \sin^3 \pi(x-1) & 0 < x < 2 \\ -(x+1)^2 + \sin^3 \pi(x+1) & \end{cases}$$

$$F(x) = \sum b_n \sin n\pi/2 x$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{e} \int_c^{c+2l} F(x) \sin n\pi/2 x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 ((x-1)^2 + \sin^3 \pi(x-1)) \sin n\pi/2 x dx + \frac{1}{2} \int_{-2}^0 (-(x+1)^2 + \sin^3 \pi(x+1)) \sin n\pi/2 x dx$$

(7) دامنه ی مرکب فوریه:

$$F(x) = x^2 + \sin^3 \pi x \quad -1 < x < 1$$

$$F(x) = A_0 + \sum A_n \cos(n\pi/e x - \beta)$$

$$A_0 = a_{0/2}$$

$$\beta_n = \text{Arctg } b_n/a_n$$

$$A_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2}$$

سری مختلط نمایی فوریه:

$$F(x) = C_0 + \sum c_n e^{\frac{i n \pi}{l} x}$$

$$c_0 = a_{0/2}$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{l} (a_n - i b_n) \quad , C_n = \frac{1}{2l} \int_c^{c+2l} F(x) e^{-\frac{i n \pi}{l} x} dx$$

قضیه دریکله :

$$x = -1 \quad \begin{matrix} F(-1^+) = 1 \\ F(-1^-) \end{matrix} \quad F(-1) = \frac{|+|}{2} = 1$$

سری فوریه : $a_{0/2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x + b \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x$

$$: \frac{1}{3} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4(-1)^n (-1)^n}{n^2 \pi^2} + 0 = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = 1 \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

$$x = 1 \quad \begin{matrix} F(1^+) = 1 \\ F(1^-) = 1 \end{matrix} \quad F(1) = \frac{1+1}{2} = 1$$

سری فوریه : $a_{0/2} + \sum a_n \cos \frac{n\pi}{l} x + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \sum \frac{4(-1)^n (-1)^n}{n^2 \pi^2} + 0 = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$\sum \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$

S.F (8)

$$F(x) = e^{-x} \quad 0 < x < l$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l F(x) dx = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l e^{-x} dx = \frac{2}{l} \left\{ -e^{-x} \right\}_0^l$$

$$a_{0/2} = \frac{1}{e} (-e^{-e} + 1)$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l e^{-x} \cos \frac{2n\pi}{l} x dx$$

e^{-x}	$\cos \frac{2n\pi}{l} x$	$I = \int_0^l e^{-x} \cos \frac{2n\pi}{l} x dx$
$-e^{-x}$	$\frac{l}{2n\pi} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x$	$I = \frac{l}{2n\pi} e^{-x} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x - \frac{e^2}{4n^2\pi^2} I$
e^{-x}	$-\frac{l^2}{4n^2\pi^2} \cos \frac{2n\pi}{l} x$	$I = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{l^2}{4n^2\pi^2}} \left\{ \frac{l}{2n\pi} e^{-x} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x \right\}$

$$a_n = \frac{4n^2\pi^2}{4n^2\pi^2 + l} \left\{ \frac{1}{n\pi} e^{-x} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x \right\}_0^l = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{2}{e} \int_0^l e^{-x} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x dx$$

e^{-x}	$\sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x$	$I = \int_0^l e^{-x} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x dx$
$-e^{-x}$	$-\frac{l}{2n\pi} \cos \frac{2n\pi}{l} x$	$I = -\frac{l}{2n\pi} \cos \frac{2n\pi}{l} x - \frac{l^2}{4n^2\pi^2} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x$
e^{-x}	$-\frac{l^2}{(2n\pi)^2} \sin \frac{2n\pi}{l} x$	$I = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{l^2}{4n^2\pi^2}} \left\{ -\frac{l}{2n\pi} e^{-x} \cos \frac{2n\pi}{l} x \right\}_0^l$

$$b_n = \frac{4n^2\pi^2}{4n^2\pi^2 + l} \left\{ -\frac{1}{n\pi} e^{-e} + \frac{1}{n\pi} \right\} = \frac{4n\pi}{4n^2\pi^2 + l^2} \{1 - e^{-l}\}$$

$$F(x) = \sum b_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{e} \int_c^{c+2l} F(x) \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{e} \int_{-l}^0 -e^x \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx + \frac{1}{e} \int_0^e e^{-x} \sin \frac{n\pi}{l} x dx$$

(8) دامنه مركب فوريه:

$$F(x) = e^{-x} \quad 0 < x < l \quad l = \frac{l}{2}$$

$$F(x) = A_0 + \sum A_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x - \beta_n\right) \quad A_0 = a_{0/2}$$

$$\beta_n = \operatorname{tg}^{-1} \frac{b_n}{a_n} = \operatorname{tg}^{-1} b_{n/0} = \pi/2$$

$$A_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2} = \sqrt{b_n^2} = b_n$$

مختلط نمايي فوريه:

$$F(x) = e^{-x} \quad 0 < x < l$$

$$F(x) = c_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n e^{\frac{in\pi}{l} x} \quad c_0 = a_{0/2}$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{2l} \int F(x) e^{-\frac{in\pi}{l} x} dx = \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l e^{-x} e^{-\frac{in\pi}{l} x} dx = \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l e^{(-1 - \frac{in\pi}{l})x} dx$$

$$c_n = \frac{1}{l} \left(\frac{1}{-1 - \frac{in\pi}{l}} \right) (e^{-l - 2in\pi} - 1)$$

(8) اتحاد پارسوال :

$$F(x) = e^{-x} \quad 0 < x < e$$

$$\frac{1}{e} \int F^2(x) dx = a_{0/2}^2 + \sum a_n^2 + b_n^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{e} \int_c^{c+2l} F^2(x) dx &= \frac{2}{e} \int_0^e e^{-2x} dx = \frac{2}{l} \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} e^{-2x} \right\}_0^l = -\frac{1}{e} \{ e^{-2l} - 1 \} \\ &= \frac{1}{e} \{ 1 - e^{-2l} \} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_{0/2}^2 + \sum a_n^2 + b_n^2 = \frac{1}{e^2} (1 - e^{-e})^2 + \sum (1 - e^{-l})^2 \left(\frac{4n\pi}{l^2 + 4n^2\pi^2} \right)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{e} (1 - e^{-2l}) = \frac{1}{e} (1 - e^{-l})^2 + \sum (1 - e^{-l})^2 \left(\frac{4n\pi}{l^2 + 4n^2\pi^2} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{(1 - e^{-2l})}{l(1 - e^{-l})^2} = \frac{1}{l^2} + \sum \frac{16n^2\pi^2}{(l^2 + 4n^2\pi^2)^2}$$

سوال 9

$$F(x) = x(1-x)^2 \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1 \quad 2l = 1 \quad l = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$a_0 = 2 \int_0^1 (x + x^3 - 2x) dx = 2 \left(\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{2}{3}x \right)_0^1 = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$a = 2 \int_0^1 (x \cos 2n\pi x + x^3 \cos 2n\pi x - 2x^2 \cos 2n\pi x) dx$$

$$= 2 \left\{ \frac{x \sin 2n\pi x}{2n\pi} + \frac{\cos 2n\pi x}{4n^2\pi^2} + \frac{x^3 \sin 2n\pi x}{2n\pi} + \frac{3x^2 \cos 2n\pi x}{4x^2\pi^2} - \frac{6x \sin 2n\pi x}{8n^3\pi^3} - \frac{\cos 2n\pi x}{16n^4\pi^4} \right.$$

$$\left. - 2 \left(\frac{x^2}{2n\pi} \sin 2n\pi x + \frac{2x \cos 2n\pi x}{4n^2\pi^2} - \frac{2 \sin 2n\pi x}{8n^3\pi^3} \right) \right\}_0^1 = \frac{-1}{2n^2\pi^2}$$

$$b_n = 2 \int_0^1 (x \sin 2n\pi x + x^3 \sin 2n\pi x - 2x^2 \sin 2n\pi x) dx$$

$$= 2 \left\{ \frac{-x \cos 2n\pi x}{2n\pi} + \frac{\sin 2n\pi x}{4n^2\pi^2} - \frac{x^3 \cos 2n\pi x}{2n\pi} + \frac{3x^2 \sin 2n\pi x}{4n^2\pi^2} + \frac{6x \cos 2n\pi x}{8n^3\pi^3} - \frac{6 \sin 2n\pi x}{16n^4\pi^4} \right.$$

$$\left. + \frac{2x^2 \cos 2n\pi x}{2n\pi} - \frac{4x \sin 2n\pi x}{4n^2\pi^2} - \frac{4 \cos 2n\pi x}{8n^3\pi^3} \right\}_0^1 = \frac{3}{2n^3\pi^3}$$

سری فوریه :

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{12} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\frac{1}{2n^2\pi^2} \cos 2n\pi x + \frac{3}{2n^3\pi^3} \sin 2n\pi x$$

$$C_n = \frac{1}{2}(a_n - ib_n) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{-1}{n^2\pi^2} + \frac{i3}{n^3\pi^3} \right)$$

$n \neq 0$

$$C_0 = a_{0/2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

سری نمایی :

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\substack{n=-\infty \\ n \neq 0}}^{n=+\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{n^2\pi^2} + \frac{i3}{n^3\pi^3} \right) e^{2n\pi i x}$$

$$A_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2} = \frac{1}{2n^3\pi^3} \sqrt{9 + n^2\pi^2}$$

$$A_0 = a_{0/2} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$B_n = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{b_n}{a_n} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(-\frac{3}{n\pi} \right)$$

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{12} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(2n\pi x - \beta_n)$$

دامنه

مرکب :

سری کسینوسی

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$n \Rightarrow \frac{n}{2}$$

$$a_n = 2 \left\{ \frac{x \sin n\pi x}{n\pi} + \frac{\cos n\pi x}{n^2\pi^2} + \frac{x^3 \sin n\pi x}{n\pi} + \frac{3x^2}{n^2\pi^2} \cos n\pi x - \frac{6x \sin n\pi x}{n^3\pi^3} - \frac{6 \cos n\pi x}{n^4\pi^4} \right.$$

$$\left. - 2 \left(\frac{x^2 \sin n\pi x}{n\pi} + \frac{2x \cos n\pi x}{n^2\pi^2} - \frac{2 \sin n\pi x}{n^3\pi^3} \right) \right\}_0^1 = \frac{12(-1)^{n+1}}{n^4\pi^4}$$