

به نام خدا



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نمونه سوالات ریاضیات مهندسی

✓ معادلات دیفرانسیل پاره ای



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سوال (1)

$$C^2 u_{xx} = utt$$

$$B.C \begin{cases} u(0,t) = 0 \\ u(l,t) = 0 \end{cases}, \quad I.C \begin{cases} u(x,0) = F(x) \\ u_t(x,0) = g(x) \end{cases}$$

$$u(x,t) = M(x)N(t) \Rightarrow C^2 M'' N = N'' M$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{M''}{M} = \frac{N''}{C^2 N} = \lambda = -\beta^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} M'' + \beta^2 M = 0 \Rightarrow M(x) = A_1 \sin(\beta x) + A_2 \cos(\beta x) & (I) \\ N'' + \beta^2 C^2 N = 0 \Rightarrow N(t) = B_1 \sin(\beta ct) + B_2 \cos(\beta ct) & (II) \end{cases}$$

$$: I : M(x) = A \sin(\beta x) + A \cos(\beta x)$$

$$B.C : \begin{cases} u(0,t) = 0 \Rightarrow A_2 = 0 \Rightarrow A_1 \neq 0 \\ u(l,t) = 0 \Rightarrow M(l) = 0 \Rightarrow A_1 \sin(\beta l) = 0 \Rightarrow \beta_n = \frac{n\pi}{l}, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots \end{cases}$$

$$: II : N(t) = B_1 \sin(\beta ct) + B_2 \cos(\beta ct) \Rightarrow N(t) = B_1 \sin\left(\frac{nc\pi}{l} t\right) + B_2 \cos\left(\frac{nc\pi}{l} t\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) \left[A_1 B_2 \cos\left(\frac{nc\pi}{l} t\right) + A_1 B_1 \sin\left(\frac{n\pi c}{l} t\right) \right]$$

$$: A_1 B_2 = A_n n, A_1 B_1 = B_n$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) \left[A_n \cos\left(\frac{nc\pi}{l} t\right) + B_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi c}{l} t\right) \right]$$

$$I.C : \begin{cases} u(x,0) = F(x) \rightarrow F(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) & (III) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} u_t(x,0) = g(x) \rightarrow g(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{l}{nc\pi}\right) B_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) & (IV) \end{cases}$$

$$: II : A_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l F(x) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) dx$$

$$: IV : B_n = \frac{2}{cn\pi} \int_0^l g(x) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) dx$$

$$\text{الف: } \begin{cases} F(x) = e^{-x} \\ g(x) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{چون: } g(x) = 0 \rightarrow B_n = 0$$

$$: A_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l e^{-x} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) dx = \frac{2}{l} \left[\left(\frac{-e^{-x}}{\frac{n\pi}{l}} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) - \frac{e^{-x}}{\left(\frac{n\pi}{l}\right)^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) \right) \right]_0^l - \int_0^l \frac{e^{-x}}{\left(\frac{n\pi}{l}\right)^2} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) dx$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(1 + \frac{l}{n^2 \pi^2}\right) \times \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l e^{-x} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) dx = \frac{2}{l} \left[\frac{-le^{-x}}{n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) - \frac{l^2 e^{-x}}{n^2 \pi^2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) \right]_0^l$$

$$\Rightarrow A_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l e^{-x} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) = \frac{2n\pi}{n^2 \pi^2 + l^2} \left((-1)^{n+1} \times e^{-l} + 1 \right)$$

$$\text{ب: } \begin{cases} F(x) = 0 \\ g(x) = 48n \left(\frac{5\pi}{l} x \right) \end{cases}$$

$$: F(x) = 0 \rightarrow A_n = 0$$

$$B_n = \frac{2}{nc\pi} \int_0^l \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) \times 4 \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{l} x\right) dx = \frac{4}{nc\pi} \int_0^l \left[\cos(5-x) \frac{\pi}{l} x - \cos(5+n) \frac{\pi}{l} x \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{4}{nc\pi} \left[\frac{l \cdot \sin(5-n) \frac{\pi}{l} x}{(5-n)\pi} - \frac{l \cdot \sin(5+n) \frac{\pi}{l} x}{(5+n)\pi} \right]_0^l = 0, n \neq 5$$

$$: n = 5 \Rightarrow B = \frac{4}{5c\pi} \int_0^l \left[\cos(5-5) \frac{\pi}{l} x - \cos(5+5) \frac{\pi}{l} x \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{4}{5c\pi} \left[x - \frac{l \cdot \sin\left(\frac{10\pi}{l} x\right)}{10\pi} \right]_0^l = \frac{4l}{5c\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow B_5 = \frac{4l}{5c\pi}$$

$$\text{ج: } \begin{cases} F(x) = \cos(\beta x) \\ g(x) = \sin(\beta x) \end{cases}$$

$$: A_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \cos(\beta x) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) dx = \frac{1}{l} \int_0^l \left[\sin\left(\beta + \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x + \sin\left(\beta - \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{l} \left[\frac{-l \cdot \cos\left(\beta + \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x}{\beta + n\pi} - \frac{l \cdot \cos\left(\beta - \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x}{\beta - n\pi} \right]_0^l = \frac{1 - \cos(\beta l + n\pi)}{\beta + n\pi} + \frac{1 - \cos(\beta l - n\pi)}{\beta - n\pi}$$

$$: B_n = \frac{2}{nc\pi} \int_0^l \sin(\beta x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) dx = \frac{1}{nc\pi} \int_0^l \left[\cos\left(\beta - \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x - \cos\left(\beta + \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{nc\pi} \left[\frac{l \cdot \sin\left(\beta - \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x}{\beta - n\pi} - \frac{l \cdot \sin\left(\beta + \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x}{\beta + n\pi} \right]_0^l = \frac{l}{nc\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(\beta l - n\pi)}{\beta - n\pi} - \frac{\sin(\beta l + n\pi)}{\beta + n\pi} \right]$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} F(x) = x^2 e^{-x} \\ g(x) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$: g(x) = 0 \rightarrow B_n = 0$$

$$A_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l x^2 \cdot e^{-x} \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} x\right) dx = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l \frac{x^2}{2i} e^{-x} \left(e^{\frac{n\pi}{l} ix} - e^{-\frac{n\pi}{l} ix} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{il} \int_0^l \left[x^2 \cdot e^{\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} i - 1\right)x} - x^2 \cdot e^{-\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} i + 1\right)x} \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{il} \left[\left(\frac{lx^2}{ni\pi - l} - \frac{2l^2 x}{(ni\pi - l)^2} - \frac{2l^3}{(ni\pi)^3} \right) e^{\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} i - 1\right)x} + \left(\frac{lx^2}{ni\pi + l} + \frac{2l^2 x}{(ni\pi + l)^2} + \frac{2l^3}{(ni\pi + l)^3} \right) e^{-\left(\frac{n\pi}{l} i + 1\right)x} \right]_0^l$$

$$= \frac{l^2 \cdot e^{(ni\pi - l)}}{i(ni\pi - l)^3} \left((ni\pi - l)^2 - 2(ni\pi - l) + 2 \right) + \frac{l^2 \cdot e^{-(ni\pi + l)}}{i(ni\pi + l)^3} \left((ni\pi + l)^2 + 2(ni\pi + l) + 2 \right)$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} F(x) = 0 \\ g(x) = x \sin(x) \end{cases}$$

$$: f(x) = 0 \rightarrow A_n = 0$$

$$: B_n = \frac{2}{nc\pi} \int_0^l x \cdot \sin(x) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{l}x\right) dx = \frac{1}{nc\pi} \int_0^l \left[x \cos\left(1 - \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x - x \cos\left(1 + \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x \right] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{nc\pi} \left[\frac{lx \cdot \sin\left(1 - \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x}{l - n\pi} + \frac{l^2 \cdot \cos\left(1 - \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x}{(l - n\pi)^2} - \frac{lx \cdot \sin\left(1 + \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x}{l + n\pi} - \frac{l \cdot \cos\left(1 + \frac{n\pi}{l}\right)x}{(l + n\pi)} \right]_0^l$$

$$= \frac{l^2}{nc\pi} \left[\frac{(l - n\pi) \sin(l - n\pi) + \cos(l - n\pi) - 1}{(l - n\pi)^2} - \frac{(l + n\pi) \sin(l + n\pi) + \cos(l + n\pi) - 1}{(l + n\pi)^2} \right], l \neq n\pi$$

: if : $L = n\pi$

$$B_n = \frac{2}{nc\pi} \int_0^l [x \cdot \sin^2(x)] dx = \frac{1}{nc\pi} \int_0^l [x - x \cos(2x)] dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{nc\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} x^2 - \frac{1}{2} x \sin(2x) - \frac{1}{4} \cos(2x) \right] = \frac{2n^2 \pi^2 - 4}{4nc\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow B_n = \begin{cases} \frac{l}{nc\pi} \left[\frac{(l - n\pi) \sin(l - n\pi) + \cos(l - n\pi) - 1}{(l - n\pi)^2} - \frac{(l + n\pi) \sin(l + n\pi) + \cos(l + n\pi) - 1}{(l + n\pi)^2} \right] & : l \neq n\pi \\ \frac{2n^2 \pi^2 - 4}{4nc\pi} & : l = n\pi \end{cases}$$

(ب-2)

$$C^2 u_{xx} + \cosh \frac{x}{2} = u_{tt} \quad 0 < x < 3, t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} u(0, t) = 1 \\ u(3, t) = 4 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} u(x, 0) = x^2 + 1 \\ u_t(x, 0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$C(x, t) = W(x, t) + v(x)$$

$$C^2 \left[W_{xx} + \frac{d^2 v}{dx^2} \right] + \cosh \frac{x}{2} = W_{tt} \rightarrow C^2 \frac{d^2 v}{dx^2} + \cosh \frac{x}{2} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{d^2 v}{dx^2} = -\frac{e^{x/2} + e^{-x/2}}{2c}$$

شرط همگن بودن

$$V(x) = -\frac{2}{C^2}(e^{-x/2} + e^{x/2}) + A_1x + A_2 = -\frac{2}{c^2}(e^{-x/2} + e^{x/2}) + \left\{ \frac{2}{3c^2}(e^{-3/2} + e^{3/2}) - \frac{4}{3c^2} + 1 \right\}x + \frac{4}{c^2} + 1$$

$$u(0,t) = W(0,t) + V(0) \rightarrow V(0) = -\frac{4}{c^2} + A_2 = 1 \rightarrow A_2 = 1 + \frac{4}{c^2}$$

$$1 = V(0)$$

$$u(3,t) = W(3,t) + V(3) \rightarrow V(3) = -\frac{2}{c^2}(e^{-3/2} + e^{3/2}) + \frac{4}{c^2} + 1 + 3A_1 = 4$$

$$4 = V(3) \quad A_1 = \frac{2}{3c^2}(e^{-3/2} + e^{3/2}) - \frac{4}{3c^2} + 1$$

$$C^2W_{xx} = W_{tt}$$

$$\begin{cases} W(0,t) = 0 \\ W(3,t) = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} W(x,0) = x^2 + 1 - v(x) \\ W_t(x,0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$W(x,t) = M(x)N(t) \rightarrow C^2M''N = N''M \rightarrow \frac{M''}{M} = \frac{N''}{C^2N} = \lambda = -\beta^2$$

$$M'' + \beta^2M = 0 \rightarrow M(x) = A_1 \sin \beta x + A_2 \cos \beta x$$

$$N'' + \beta^2C^2N = 0 \rightarrow N(t) = B_1 \sin \beta ct + B_2 \cos \beta ct$$

$$M(0) = 0 \rightarrow A_2 = 0 \quad M(3) = 0 \rightarrow \sin(\beta(3)) = \sin n\pi = 0 \rightarrow \beta_n = \frac{n\pi}{3}$$

$$w_n(x,t) = A_1 \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x (B_1 \sin \frac{cn\pi}{3} t + B_2 \cos \frac{cn\pi}{3} t)$$

$$w(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x (A_n \cos \frac{cn\pi}{3} t + B_n \sin \frac{cn\pi}{3} t)$$

$$w(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x = x^2 + 1 - v(x) \rightarrow A_n = \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 (x^2 + 1 - v(x)) \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x dx$$

$$\frac{\delta w}{\delta t} = w = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{cn\pi}{3} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x \left(-A_n \sin \frac{cn\pi}{3} t + B_n \cos \frac{cn\pi}{3} t \right)$$

$$w_t(x,0) = 0 = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \cdot \frac{cn\pi}{3} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x \rightarrow B_n = 0$$

$$w(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 (x + 1 - v(x)) \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x dx \right\} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x \cos \frac{cn\pi}{3} t$$

$$c^2 u_{xx} + \cos^2 x = u_{tt} \quad 0 < x < 3, t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} u(0,t) = 2 \\ u(3,t) = 14 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} u(x,0) = x^2/4 \\ u_t(x,t) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$u(x,t) = w(x,t) + v(x)$$

$$c^2 \left[w_{xx} + \frac{d^2 v}{dx^2} \right] + \cos x = w_{tt} \quad \text{شرط همگن}$$

$$\text{بودن} \rightarrow c^2 \frac{d^2 v}{dx^2} + \cos^2 x = 0 \rightarrow \frac{d^2 v}{dx^2} = -\frac{1}{c^2} \cos^2 x$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{d^2 v}{dx^2} = -\frac{1}{2c^2} (1 + \cos 2x) \rightarrow \frac{dv}{dx} = -\frac{1}{2c^2} (x + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x) + c_1$$

$$\rightarrow v(x) = -\frac{1}{2c^2} \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \cos 2x \right) + c_1 x + c_2$$

$$\begin{cases} v(0) = 2 \\ v(3) = 14 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} 2 = -\frac{1}{2c^2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) + c_2 \rightarrow c_2 = 2 - \frac{1}{8c^2} \\ 14 = -\frac{1}{2c^2} \left(\frac{9}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \cos 6 \right) + 3c_1 + 2 - \frac{1}{8c^2} \rightarrow c_1 = 4 + \frac{19 - \cos 6}{24c^2} \end{cases}$$

$$v(x) = -\frac{1}{2c^2} \left(\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \cos 2x \right) + \left(4 + \frac{19 - \cos 6}{24c^2} \right) x + 2 - \frac{1}{8c^2}$$

$$c^2 w_{xx} = w_{tt}$$

$$\begin{cases} w(0,t) = u(0,t) - v(0) = 0 \\ w(3,t) = u(3,t) - v(3) = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} w(x,0) = u(x,0) - v(x) = \frac{x^2}{4} - v(x) \\ w_t(x,0) = u_t(x,0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$w(x,t) = M(x)N(t)$$

$$c^2 M'' N = M N'' \rightarrow \frac{M''}{M} = \frac{N''}{C^2 N} = -\beta^2 \quad \begin{cases} M'' + \beta^2 M = 0 \\ N + \beta^2 C^2 N = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$M(0) = A_1 \sin \beta x + A_2 \cos \beta x$$

$$M(0) = 0 \rightarrow A_2 = 0$$

$$M(3) = 0 \rightarrow \sin 3\beta = 0 = \sin n\pi \rightarrow \beta_n = \frac{n\pi}{3}$$

$$N(T) = D_1 \sin \beta ct + D_2 \cos \beta ct$$

$$W_n(x,t) = A_1 \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x (D_2 \cos \beta ct + D_1 \sin \beta ct)$$

$$W(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x \left(A_n \cos \frac{cn\pi}{3} t + B_n \sin \frac{cn\pi}{3} t \right)$$

$$W(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x \rightarrow A_n = \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 \left(x^2/4 - v(x) \right) \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x dx$$

$$\frac{\delta W}{\delta t} = W_t = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{cn\pi}{3} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x \left(-A_n \sin \frac{cn\pi}{3} t + B_n \cos \frac{cn\pi}{3} t \right)$$

$$W_t(x,0) = 0 = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \cdot \frac{cn\pi}{3} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x \rightarrow B_n = 0$$

$$W(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left\{ \frac{2}{3} \int_0^3 \left(x^2/4 - v(x) \right) \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x dx \right\} \sin \frac{n\pi}{3} x \cos \frac{cn\pi}{3} t$$

$$u(x,t) = W(x,t) + V(x)$$

پاسخ سوال 3 قسمت الف:

$$c^2 \nabla^2 u = u_{tt} \quad 0 < x < a, 0 < y < b, t > 0$$

$$\begin{cases} u = 0 \\ u(x, y, 0) = y^3 \\ u_t(x, y, 0) = e^{e+y} \end{cases} \quad \text{روی تمام مرزها}$$

$$u(x, y, t) = M(x) \cdot N(y) \cdot P(t)$$

$$\text{جایگذاری در معادله} \rightarrow c^2 (M'' NP + MN'' P) = MNP''$$

$$\frac{M''}{M} = \frac{P''}{C^2 P} = \lambda < 0$$

$$P'' - C^2 \lambda P = 0 \Rightarrow \underline{P(t) = A_1 \sin c\sqrt{\lambda}t + A_2 \cos c\sqrt{\lambda}t}$$

$$\frac{M''}{M} + \frac{N''}{N} = \lambda \Rightarrow \frac{M''}{M} = \lambda - \frac{N''}{N} = \mu < 0$$

$$M'' - \mu M = 0 \Rightarrow M(x) = B_1 \sin \sqrt{\mu}x + B_2 \cos \sqrt{\mu}x$$

$$M(0) = 0 \Rightarrow B_2 = 0 \rightarrow B_1 \neq 0$$

$$M(a) = 0 \Rightarrow B_1 \sin \sqrt{\mu}a = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\mu}a = n\pi \Rightarrow \sqrt{\mu_n} = \frac{n\pi}{a}, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$\text{پس: } M(x) = B_1 \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x$$

$$\lambda - \frac{N''}{N} = \mu \rightarrow \frac{N''}{N} = \lambda - \mu = \beta < 0$$

$$N'' - \beta N = 0 \rightarrow N(y) = C_1 \sin \sqrt{\beta}y + C_2 \cos \sqrt{\beta}y$$

$$N(0) = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 - 0 \rightarrow C_1 \neq 0$$

$$N(b) = 0 \Rightarrow C_1 \sin \sqrt{\beta}b = 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{\beta}b = m\pi \Rightarrow \sqrt{\beta_m} = \frac{m\pi}{b}, m = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

$$\text{پس: } N(y) = C_1 \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y$$

$$\lambda - \mu = \beta \Rightarrow \lambda = \beta + \mu \Rightarrow \sqrt{\lambda} = \sqrt{\beta + \mu} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b}\right)^2}$$

$$\text{پس: } U(x, y, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \left(A_{nm} \operatorname{sinc} \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b}\right)^2} t + B_{nm} \operatorname{csc} \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b}\right)^2} t \right)$$

$$U(x, y, 0) = y^3 \cos 3x = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} B_{nm} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y$$

$$\Rightarrow B_{nm} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b y^3 \cos 3x \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \, dx \, dy$$

$$\Rightarrow B_{nm} = \frac{4}{ab} \left(\int_0^b y^3 \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \, dy \right) \left(\int_0^a \cos 3x \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \, dx \right)$$

ICEBOY_313@Yahoo.com

$$\Rightarrow B_{nm} = \frac{4}{ab} \left(\frac{-b}{m\pi} y^3 \cos \frac{m\pi}{b} y + \frac{3b^2}{m^2 \pi^2} y \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y + \frac{6b^3}{m^3 \pi^3} y \cos \frac{m\pi}{b} y - \frac{6b^4}{m^4 \pi^4} \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \right)_0^b$$

$$\times \frac{1}{2} \int_0^a \left(\sin \left(\frac{n\pi}{a} - 3 \right) x + \sin \left(\frac{n\pi}{a} + 3 \right) x \right) dx$$

$$\Rightarrow B_{nm} = 2b^3 (-1)^m \left(\frac{6}{m^3 \pi^3} - \frac{1}{m\pi} \right) \left(\frac{-\cos(n\pi - 3a) + 1}{n\pi - 3a} - \frac{\cos(n\pi + 3a) - 1}{n\pi + 3a} \right)$$

$$U(x,y,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \cdot \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y \left(A_{nm} C \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b} \right)^2} \cos C \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b} \right)^2} t \right.$$

$$\left. - BC \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b} \right)^2} \sin C \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b} \right)^2} t \right)$$

$$U(x,y,0) = e^{x+y} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} A_{nm} C \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b} \right)^2} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \cdot \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y$$

$$C_{nm} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b e^x \times e^y \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y dx dy = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^b e^y \sin \frac{m\pi}{b} y dy \cdot \int_0^a e^x \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x dx$$

$$\Rightarrow C_{nm} = \frac{4}{ab} \times \frac{bm\pi(1 - e^b(-1)^m)}{m^2 \pi^2 + b^2} \times \frac{an\pi(1 - e^a(-1)^n)}{n^2 \pi^2 + a^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_{nm} = \frac{4\pi^2 nm}{C \sqrt{\left(\frac{n\pi}{a} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{m\pi}{b} \right)^2}} \times \frac{(1 - e^b(-1)^m)(1 - e^a(-1)^n)}{(m^2 \pi^2 + b^2)(n^2 \pi^2 + a^2)}$$

پاسخ 3 قسمت ب:

$$U(x,y,t) = M(x) \cdot N(y) \cdot P(t)$$

$$\frac{M'}{M} + \frac{N''}{N} = \frac{P''}{C^2 P} = -\lambda^2$$

$$-\frac{M''}{M} = -\beta^2 \rightarrow M'' + \beta^2 M = 0 \rightarrow M(x) = A_1 \sin \beta x + A_2 \cos \beta x$$

$$M'(x) = \beta(A_1 \cos \beta x - A_2 \sin \beta x)$$

$$M'(0) = 0 \rightarrow \beta A_1 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \beta = 0 \\ A_1 = 0 \rightarrow A_2 \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$M'(a) = 0 \rightarrow -A_2 \beta \sin \beta a = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \beta = 0 \\ \sin \beta a = 0 = \sin M\pi \rightarrow \beta_M = \frac{M\pi}{a} \quad M = 1, 2, 3, \dots \end{cases}$$